

It is thought that two hundred and thirty-five million dollars will be required to pay the pensions by the end of 1892.

The official vote has been received at Madison, and Rusk gets 91,753, and Pratt, 69,893, making Rusk's plurality 11,950.

Professor Graham, State Superintendent elect, has appointed W. H. Chandler, of Dane, assistant superintendent of public instruction. Mr. Chandler is a Republican.

Mrs. Garfield has received over 1,200 begging letters since she received the gift of \$300,000. If she responded favorably to half of the letters she would not have a cent left in a month.

More than one hundred million silver dollars have been coined by the United States during the past three years; and the number is so great that the government can't distribute all of them.

State Engineer Seymour, of New York, nephew of the Hon. Horatio Seymour, will move to Appleton, in this State, in January, to take charge of 400,000 acres of woodland in Wisconsin, owned by a Boston syndicate.

The largest sheets of plate glass in the United States were exhibited at Philadelphia in 1876, and are 12x22 feet in size each. They have been purchased by a dry goods firm in New York and will be put in a new store on Broadway.

The trial of Guiteau is the first one that ever occurred in the United States, in which the person being tried for murder was allowed to manage his own case, and granted full permission to blackguard all witnesses against him and to cast slurs at public men.

The room in which President Arthur will sleep in the White House, is the one in which President Taylor died in 1850, and also in the same room died little Willie Lincoln, in 1863. The Prince of Wales also slept in it once in 1860 while visiting this country.

Guiteau has said on the stand that he once tried to lecture against Colonel Ingersoll on the question of hell, but couldn't draw. He learned that people were willing to pay fifty cents to hear that there was no hell, but would not pay a cent to hear that there was a hell.

A new liability has been sprung upon the railways, which is liable to let down the bars for a good deal of litigation. A Western court has awarded a man \$1,000 damages for having caught cold while riding in an emigrant car when he claimed he was entitled to a seat in a parlor car.

The State authorities of Iowa are taking means to suppress the marriage insurance association which has spread from Pennsylvania, Ohio, and Indiana, to that State. Of course the association is a fraud, and its suppression will prevent many persons from being swindled.

According to the dispatches, Congressman Deuster, of Milwaukee, was one of the passengers on the disabled steamship Lesning, which was compelled to put into Plymouth, England, for repairs. The Democratic party will thereby be one vote short when the House of Representatives is organized by the Republicans.

There comes a reliable report from Milwaukee that Mr. W. G. Roberts, who has been connected with the Milwaukee Sentinel as business manager for many, has left that paper. He has been prominently connected with the Wisconsin press for a number of years, and therefore is well known to the fraternity throughout the State.

A good story is told of Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Mackay, when they reached the Hague some time ago. The fame of Mackay had preceded him, and when he arrived at the hotel with servants and numerous trunks, the landlord thought he must be a king, and asked one of the servants if his master was not a king. Though told he was not and that they had no kings in America, the landlord exulting over his wealthy guests, next day he sent to one of the city journals an account of the arrival at his hotel of "the King and Queen of the Bonanza Mountain of California." The delighted landlord was not far from right after all.

A correspondent writes from Kansas to the New York Tribune in regard to the workings of the prohibitory liquor law in that State, and says there has been a remarkable increase in the amount of liquor used for "medicinal purposes" since the law went into effect. In one instance, a physician prescribed for a patient on and between August 19 and August 25, four pints of "spirits frumenti," and twelve bottles of beer. Another patient had a pint on one of his arms, and in eleven days he had ten pints of "spirits frumenti" and thirty bottles of beer, prescribed. Since then, it is said there has been a regular epidemic of boils sweeping the State, and hence "spirits frumenti" and bottled beer have reached an enormous sale. They say an internal application of these, remedies, spirits frumenti and beer, works marvels.

Speaking of the pleasure of reading one's own obituary, Alexander H. Stephens says he has read his three times. He has been so near death that the wires spread the news of his demise all over the country and columns of obituary notices have been written, all of which he read with a relish. His last

time he read his death notice was when he was down to seventy-three pounds, whereas he now boasts of weighing ninety-four! With only the weight of a skeleton and with a cancerous affection of the face, he is engaged in writing a comprehensive history of the country from its earliest establishment down to the death of President Garfield. No man ever undertook such a stupendous piece of work at his age and at the same time carrying about him the bodily infirmities that have been close companions to Mr. Stephens for years. He thinks he will be able to complete the work, and says he is "up and down by turns," but declares that he will never be so low down, no matter how soon he may die, as when he consented against his will, to become Vice President of the Southern Confederacy.

Senator Malone does not propose to be a cipher in the Senate, neither does he propose that the charges made against him by the Bourbons should go unnoticed. In order to give the Bourbon Democrats something to talk about, and to shake up the dry bones a little, he intends to offer a resolution, as soon as Congress meets, directing the committee on finance of the Senate to inquire whether any State of the Union has repudiated, or attempted to repudiate, any of its bonded debt, and whether any of the trust funds invested by the United States in State bonds have been lost or impaired by the action of any State. The object of Mr. Malone in this course is said to be to "get back" at some of his colleagues from the Southern States who have visited Virginia to denounce the Readjusters, and who have been so solicitous for the "honor" of that State. He will see that particular attention is paid to North and South Carolina, as Hampton and Vance were specially invited to stamp Virginia against him by the Fusion committee. South Carolina has, it is stated, repudiated a debt of sixteen millions down to less than four, and North Carolina has gone still further in the "re-adjusting line."

The New York Tribune has heard something of the alleged mismanagement at the Industrial school at Waukesha, and speaks of it in this way: "A whip of sole leather, two feet long, burned in the center to make it hard, oiled at the extremities to make it pliable, and mounted on a hickory handle a foot and a half long, is the exquisite instrument with which an officer of the Wisconsin Industrial School for Boys is said to have been in the habit of enforcing order and punishing offenses among the lads under his charge. His favorite plan, according to accounts given by the pupils, was to strip off a boy's outer clothing, tie him over a chair back, and lay on the lash until the blood flowed profusely. The charges have been denied by the officer, and a close examination into the matter has been instituted." According to that the Industrial school at Waukesha is worse than the Shepherd's Fold in New York, under the management of the Rev. Mr. Crowley. But distance has magnified the story, and while there may have been some indiscretion, there is no evidence that there has been a whip of sole leather burned in the center to make it hard, nor a profuse flow of blood from the ghastly wounds of the inmates.

Quite enough has been discovered since the Guiteau trial began, to satisfy the public mind that he is not a lunatic in the proper sense of that term. If he is a lunatic a great many people would like to have just such a lunatic for a lawyer, as he has displayed considerable sharpness in managing his own case. For an insane man he has done a good many sharp things, and the more he talks and the more he is examined, the more apparent it becomes that he is sane enough to understand his business. It will be remembered that shortly after the trial opened, he spoke scornfully of his middle name, "Julius," on the ground that there was too much "nigger" about it. Now it so happened that there was a negro on the jury, and Guiteau did not appear to think of this when he made the sneering remark. But the next day, after talking the matter over with his brother-in-law Scoville, he concluded he would take back a portion of that speech, and therefore made a speech to the jury, in which he extolled the colored race, and said he meant nothing discourteous to that race by the remark he made the day previous. This little incident, together with a number of others, shows that he is better able to make his living by practicing law than many who are now in the business. Only a few days ago he had a tilt with Judge Cox, and came out ahead, and his sharp correction of Mr. Scoville in saying, "We admit the shooting, but not the killing," leads the public to believe that he is sane enough to make a great many sharp hits, and in some respects to manage his case with striking skill.

After recess on Wednesday afternoon, Scoville asked him if he had any distinct recollection of the incidents of the 23 of July. Guiteau smiled and said "Oh, yes, certainly." He then briefly recited his arrest and incarceration with as little exhibition of feeling as if relating the commonest incidents of every-day life. "When I was finally lodged in jail," said Guiteau, "I felt happy. I said, 'Thank God it is all over with.'"

After a few questions had been propounded and objected to he broke out: "I want to define my position on this one point. I believe General Arthur is a friend of mine. He ought to be, for I am the man that made him, or my inspiration did, but I have never yet asked a favor of him, and I don't suppose I ever shall." His conduct from beginning to end shows him to be a reasonable being, and that he has an unlimited vanity, a morbid ambition for notoriety, and that he is a cold-blooded murderer.

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NEWS OF THE DAY.

Another Memorable Scene in the Trial of the Assassin.

The Prisoner Entertains the Court with One of His Lectures.

A Milwaukee Man Sends the Assassin's Counsel a Threatening Letter.

The Excitement Over the Busted Kansas Bank at Fever Heat.

Other Interesting State and Miscellaneous News Items.

A MEMORABLE SCENE.

Second Day of the Assassin's Testimony.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 30.—The men and women who sat so quietly in the chairs and on the desks of the criminal court room in the ancient court house through the long session of to-day, will never forget the scene. From 10 o'clock in the morning until 3 P. M., with one hour's intermission, they listened, half entranced, to the words falling so rapidly from the lips of the assassin of Garfield as he narrated the events which culminated in the death of his victim. With perfect calmness and coolness the assassin told his terrible tale. At times he became excited, but it was because of some annoyance in the present rather than of a recollection of the past. He gesticulated wildly at times, and anon pounded on the broad railing before him, but it was all by way of emphasis.

There was not the slightest trace of regret for the deed or remorse for his deed in anything that he said. He would have been just as impassioned had he been detailing the circumstances of the assassination of Julius Caesar. He is always very earnest. He speaks as passionately as he thinks intensely. To-day, skipping the facts of his life, he went over his history for the past three years. Beginning with his second lecture tour from Boston west to Iowa, and thence East again, he lived over his experiences during the months preceding last July.

The throng in the court-room was what it has been since the trial began. In obedience to Marshal Henry's next little admonition the audience was very orderly and quiet.

When Judge Cox and First Comptroller Lawrence took seats on the bench, at a few minutes after 10 o'clock, the audience, the experts, the correspondents, counsel, jury, and witnesses were in place, the room looked as it does every morning—like a bijou theater on a "first night." The prisoner did not sit at the counsel table at all to-day. He came in arm in arm with his guards, and the usual hush of conversation, which the other silenced in his stentorian way. The assassin bowed to the judge, the jury, and the audience, and then sat down rather gingerly. Despite his avowals he is afraid every day, almost every hour of the vengeance of the people. He never moves without looking around for an avenger. He was, of course, unwell, but not recovered yet from his hearty Thanksgiving dinner. He was especially annoyed when close pressed in examination. He exhibited throughout marked shrewdness. He did not leave the stand until 12 o'clock, when he became too hungry to proceed without "dinner," and was granted an hour's grace to eat it.

After eating a substantial meal the assassin was brought back to the courtroom and his tale was resumed. He lectured to a great audience and he knew it. He spoke with animation, sometimes waxing eloquent as he employed the arts of the orator and piled picturesque phrases one on another. He was very entertaining. He held the universal attention. The changeless monotony of the trial was wonderful in their number and intensity. Judge Porter proved his master in the little cross examination he conducted just before adjournment. He badgered the witness not a little as he pressed him closely about his inspiration. Tomorrow morning he takes him in hand again.

THE KANSAS EXCITEMENT.

CALDWELL, Kan., Nov. 30.—Nothing has been done with Danford yet. The action of the committee sent to Wichita this morning is awaited. The indications are that unless Danford shows up hard money to satisfy his creditors, he will care nothing for banks or bankers before morning. Everything is quiet, but the feeling is deep and the determination strong to have the money or his life. A crowd of armed men are here from Hunnell to take Danford as soon as the Caldwell folks get through with him. He is in a bad box, whatever way he may turn. Some of his instruments, Tanner and Dennan, have given him away. They were invited to do so last night or take a walk to the timber, and they talked out. It is not thought anything will be done with them or Smith if Danford is killed, but the creditors may take a notion to wipe out the entire party.

ROBERTS RETIRED.

MILWAUKEE, Nov. 30.—W. G. Roberts, for ten years past identified with the Milwaukee Sentinel, as secretary of the company, and general business manager, to-

day retired on account of his health. Samuel McCord, one of the stockholders, succeeds Mr. Roberts as secretary of the association, and James A. Boyd, a well-known newspaper man, becomes business manager.

A HORRIBLE AFFLICTION.

A Death in New York from Leprosy.

New York, Nov. 30.—There expired at the Charity hospital to-day an old man who for years had been a victim of the dreadful malady, leprosy. The case had a peculiar interest for the physicians, and, desirous of ascertaining how he came to be afflicted, they closely questioned Honkle about his whereabouts for years past. Before 1865 he had been in Texas and Mexico. Four years he came to the hospital he noticed eruptions on his hands, head, and feet, which, under treatment, were effaced. Two and a half years later they showed again, and disappeared. This time his eyebrows fell out, and, after the disappearance of the spots, tubercular eruptions took their place on his forehead, his legs swelled, and the skin whitened and became much swollen about his eyes. In 1877 partial anesthesia of the skin took place and all feeling ceased. In 1879 the tubercles of the face increased over the eyeballs and also on the chin and neck, giving the patient a thoroughly canine aspect. In 1880 the tubercles of the face became softer, many disappeared from the arms and back, and the patches on the legs began to break up into smaller distinct tubercles.

"The doctors said my wife had consumption. Tried Landsey's Blood Scurver," and she has better health than ever." G. H. Hubbard, Hampden, Ohio.

THE AVENGERS.

A Warning.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 30.—The following letter, received by Mr. Scoville to-day, is a specimen of a class which fills his pigeon holes. Judge Cox receives similar epistles at the rate of a dozen a day:

"MILWAUKEE, Wis., Nov. 26, '81.—To C. J. Guiteau, Judge Cox, and the jury who are now trying Guiteau—Gentlemen: You are hereby notified that if the trial of Guiteau for the murder of General Garfield results in the acquittal of the prisoner, he and you may commend your souls to a merciful God, and say farewell to your relations. We are now one thousand strong in this city. Branch organizations are being formed in all the principal cities of the country. We expect at least 20,000 from New York and the whole State of Ohio. Have you heard of Lon Williams? Our object is 'death to Guiteau,' and he cannot escape us. If he is acquitted, or declared insane, we are sworn to march to Washington and lynch the assassin, together with Judge Cox and the jury. The highest justice demands the sacrifice of the delinquent in order of justice Garfield, for the farce which has been permitted to mar the solemn temple; for the prostitution of the law at the hands of the miserable Cox. One has failed, but there are thousands who have yet to fail. Beware!"

THE PRESIDENT OF GARFIELD AVENGERS.

MADISON MATTERS.

MADISON, Nov. 30.—Carl Nordahl, arrested Saturday for burglarizing a shoe store at Bliss Mound, acknowledged his guilt in the municipal court this morning. He was sentenced to Wauwaton for two years.

An engine and four cars loaded with coal were ditched in the Madison yard this morning. Cause, a misplaced switch. No one hurt.

Application for the formation for a volunteer military company signed by seventy-one citizens of Manitowish was filed with the Governor to-day. Senator Joe Rankin was appointed mustering officer.

The People's co-operative association of Prairie du Sac, Sauk county, filed articles with the Secretary of State to-day; capital, \$7,500; also the Recorder Printing Company at Janesville, with Garret Veeder, Wm. H. Leonard, and Thos. S. Nolan as incorporators; capital stock, \$10,000.

The official election returns from all the counties in the State gives Rusk (Republican) for Governor, 81,753; Pratt, 69,893; Timme, 13,225; Rusk's plurality, 11,950.

Economy.

A fortune may be spent in using inefficient medicines, when by applying "Hanchett's Kidney and Bladder Remedy" economical cure can be effected. In cases of rheumatism, lame back, bodily ailments, or pains of every description, it affords instant relief.

Sold by A. J. Roberts and Sherer & Co.

SKATES

A FULL LINE AT

Hanchett & Sheldon's.

CARVERS, and Plated Knives, Forks and

Spoons at HANCHETT & SHELDON'S.

LARGEST Line Pocket Cutlery at

HANCHETT & SHELDON'S.

CHINESE Sleigh Bells at

HANCHETT & SHELDON'S.

A FULL Assortment of Ladies' Shoes, the best

made, fully warranted, at HANCHETT & SHELDON'S.

GILBERT Door Locks, Kidder and Climax

Bar Door Locks, at HANCHETT & SHELDON'S.

AXES—Wood of the Forest and Wisconsin

Kind Chopper, at HANCHETT & SHELDON'S.

STOVES, Largest stock at

HANCHETT & SHELDON'S.

GRANITEWARE, Tinned and Copper-

ware, at HANCHETT & SHELDON'S.

IRON, Steel, Springs, Axes, Horse Shoes and

Nails, Sleigh and Cutter Shoes, at HANCHETT & SHELDON'S.

WHEELS, Bicycles, English Cutters, Bob

Staff and all kinds Wood Stock, at HANCHETT & SHELDON'S.

KEYSTONE Corn Shellers, Feed Mills, Feed

Cottages, at HANCHETT & SHELDON'S.

SOAPSTONE Footwear and Griddles at

one-half former prices, at HANCHETT & SHELDON'S.

A GOOD Warranted Wood Saw for sale at

one-half former prices, at HANCHETT & SHELDON'S.

WE Retail at Wholesale Prices. Please call

at HANCHETT & SHELDON'S,

24 and 26 Main Street.

Anecdotes of the Late John Hopkins.

He left \$9,000,000, a moiety of which was divided between eighteen relatives, and the bulk retained for a university and several hospitals. The nephew who was often at variance with him received almost twice as much as his brothers who never contradicted him. Mr. Hopkins never married. The daughters of Epaminondas were that hero's famous victories. The children of John Hopkins are the splendid institutions he has left to learning, to mercy and to science. There never was a stronger man. He started life with \$400, and built up, by his own exertions, a colossal fortune. From the beginning he declared that he had a mission from God to increase his store, and that the golden flood that poured into his coffers did not belong to him or to the hundreds who sought to borrow or beg it from him. He declared that a supernatural power prevented him from taking money from his pocket to bestow foolish alms, and that some day the world would know that he was not the grasping, avaricious and narrow-minded man he was accounted. He nevertheless helped secretly many worthy persons, and after his death it was discovered that not a few merchants had been saved by him from financial embarrassment and sorrow.

An uncanny old tramp used to station himself under a giant oak that stood sentry by the lodge of "Cliffion." This made Mr. Hopkins nervous and became a mortal offense. "If I were the old man," he would kick him out. "I cannot do that," the old man pleaded, "I am afraid!" "What?" the nephew retorted, "are you afraid of such a cur as that?" "No, no," Mr. Hopkins whispered hoarsely, "I am not afraid of him, but afraid of God. Did you never read in the Bible how David treated Lazarus? Would you have me repeat the story and burn in hell forever?" That ended it.

On one of the last days of his earthly existence Mr. Hopkins called his devoted gardener to him and said: "I am beginning to hate this place, because it does not bring in money. I hate everything that does not bring in money. Did you ever feed dogs? Have you not observed that the strong animals bear away the ears of corn and that the weaker ones pursue them squealing, in hopes that all or some of the treasure will be lost or dropped?" The gardener replied that the stalks were a true one. "Well, then," said Mr. Hopkins, "I am that strong hog. I have that big ear of corn, and every piggyish rascal in Baltimore is intent upon stealing it or wresting it from me! Sir," he said, turned brusquely to the gardener, "do you think a very rich man is happy?" The gardener answered: "The extreme of poverty is a sad thing. The extreme of wealth, but doubt, leaves with it many tribulations." Mr. Hopkins rejoined: "You are right, my friend; next to the hell of being utterly bereft of money is the purgatory of possessing a vast amount of it. I have a mission, and under its shadow I have accumulated wealth, but not happiness."

Anecdote of Poe.

Mr. George H. Baker told this story about Edgar A. Poe: "One day I was sitting at a bookseller's, who also published a serial, when Poe came in. If shabby, he was generally genteel, and had the inherent look of a man of the world out of place and outcast, yet with a compensating pride in his sense of finer intellect. After some little while, he said to the publisher, 'Lend me \$10.' 'I can't do it,' he was already in debt to his friend a hundred or two. 'Lend me \$5, then,' said Poe. 'I can't do it, Poe; I have made up my mind not to lend any more.' 'Well,' said Poe, 'will you give me \$10 for a poem?' 'Yes, I will be glad to do that,' Poe sat down, and almost without hesitation wrote a sonnet, exquisite in its feeling. He handed it over, to the publisher, who paid the money."

"Follow my advice, but not my example," is a maxim that we sometimes hear. "Don't do as I do, but do as I tell you." But that is fatuous counsel. It is your example that men follow rather than your words. By what you are slapping their lives. It is much better to make your life a safe one to copy so that you can build on what Paul said: "Be ye followers of me." Your preaching will not have the effect it ought to have until you are able to say that.

ZENRAS are very stylish; they wear striped stockings up to their necks.

AMUSEMENTS.

Myers Opera House! Saturday Evening, December 3.

MAMMOTH BOSTON IDEAL COMPANY

Giving the finest rendition of Mrs. Brocher Stowe's great immortal work with scenery and costumes.

Uncle Tom's Cabin

With all its magnificent Tableau and Scenic Effects. The incomparable

BLANCHE SLADER!

In her great impersonation of

TOPSY!

With Songs, Dances and Banjo Solos.

LITTLE PANSY AS "EVA!"

The smallest, youngest and best Child Actress in the world.

Supported by the Boston Ideal Company.

Mark's Donkey, and a Pack of Siberian Blood-hounds.

Admission, Reserved seats 35 and 50 cents, for sale at Fritchey & Evanson's.

Matinee at 2 P. M.

MILTON.—The annual meeting of the Milton Anti Slavery Society will be held in the Masonic hall, Dec. 1st, at 2 o'clock P. M. for the election of officers, and for other business that will properly come before the meeting.

J. T. ROGERS, Secretary.

SEA-SIDE OYSTER CO.

MILWAUKEE STREET BRIDGE. OYSTERS, FRESH AND SALT WATER FISH OF ALL KINDS, COD-FISH, MACKEREL, SMELT, LOBSTERS, TROUT, WHITEFISH, SALMON AND BULLHEADS.

Salt and Smoked Cod, Haddock, Mackerel, &c., Pickled Pigs Feet, Tripe, Tongues, &c., Celery and Game of All Kinds.

Wholesale Agent for J. Ludington & Co.'s Sea-Side Oysters. Open on Sunday from 10 A. M. to 1 P. M. GOODS DELIVERED TO ANY PART OF THE CITY.

FALL AND

Winter Goods!

Having closed out the entire stock of the Albany Woolen Mills in all kinds of goods of its manufacture, we will give you

Bargains Never Before Heard of

In this Line of Goods.

We Will Open the Campaign

By putting upon our Counters

100 Pieces

Water Proof Cloth

From 25 to 55 cents.

100 Dozen

Ladies' and Children's Home

Made Skirts.

The retail price has been nine to twelve shillings. We will sell the same for five and seven shillings.

50 Pairs of

White Home Made

Blankets

The best ever made for the money.

100 Pairs of

Grey Blankets!

The same.

50 Pieces of

ALL WOOL FLANNELS

At the same reduction.

10 Cases of

FIRST CLASS PRINTS,

At 5 cents.

10 Cases of

Hamilton, Merrimac, Sprague and

Allen Prints.

16 Yards for One Dollar. 16 Yards all

LINEN CRASH!

There is a general complaint among druggists that they cannot get enough "Dr. Sykes' Suro Ours, for Catarrh" to supply the demand. It thus disappointed write direct to the Doctor, 169 Madison St., Chicago.

PIANO TEACHING

I take this method of informing my former patrons, and the public generally, that I have resumed teaching the Piano Forte, and am now prepared to receive scholars at my residence on South First Street, near the Court House. Thanking my friends for past patronage, I am,

Respectfully,
 MRS. J. D. KING.

osttadawtt

Constipation or Cholesterol we cannot cure with West's Vegetable Liver Pills, when the directions are strictly complied with. They are purely Vegetable and never fail to give satisfaction. Sugar Coated. Large boxes, containing 30 Pills, 25 cents. For sale by all Druggists. Beware of counterfeits and imitations. The genuine manufactured only by JOHN WEST & CO., "The Pill Makers," 181 & 183 W. Madison St., Chicago. Free trial package sent by mail.

DIMOCK & HAYNER Represent the Oldest and Largest
Fire Insurance Companies in America and England.

DIMOCK & HAYNER Represent the Oldest and Largest
Fire Insurance Companies in the World.

DIMOCK & HAYNER Represent the Safest and Best
known Fire Insurance Companies in America and England, and write policies at best rates.

DIMOCK & HAYNER Represent one of the Oldest
and best known and largest Life Insurance Companies in this country.

DIMOCK & HAYNER'S Losses are all promptly and
fairly adjusted and paid.

DIMOCK & HAYNER Have Houses, Lots and Land
for sale or rent, and Money
to Loan at low rates of interest.

WEEKLY STEAMER CITY OF SEVILLA
 KEE, will leave for New York, first Monday
 on arrival of passenger trains of the Silver
 Harbors from West, Northwest and North, and
 on departure of Express for Detroit and
 ALL PORTS EAST.

OF 100 TONS ONLY (Steamer after
EXPRESS SATELLITE will leave for New York
 trains from West and Northwest, connecting
 Grand Haven with Express Train for Grand
 Rapids, and for all other points in Michigan, Canada and Eastern
 ports.

LEAVE PAIR and 100 Miles Less Dis-
tance than other Lines.

GETTYSBURG is made at all principal ticket
 offices in the Northwest, and at the following
 Broadway, a Lat Dock Office, adjoining Union
 Depot, Milwaukee, Wis.

T. TANDY
 Gen'l Freight & Passenger Agent, Detroit

B. C. MEDLOCK
 North Western Express Co.

CIRCUIT COURT, ROCK COUNTY, CO.
 Nelson O. Peterson, plaintiff, vs. Peter C. E.
 Peterson, defendant.

That J. W. Wiseman, to the said defendant.

You are hereby summoned to appear on
 certain days after service of this summons, at
 the said court, to defend the said defendant,
 above entitled, claim in the court aforesaid; and
 in case of your failure to do so, judgment will
 be rendered against you, and in favor of the
 plaintiff of the complaint; of which a copy
 herewith served upon you.

BENNETT & SALES,
 Plaintiff's Attorneys,
 P. O. Address, Jackson, Rock County, Wis.
 northdowry

JANESVILLE BUSINESS DIRECTORY!

LEAF TOBACCO HOUSE.
 Leaf Goods a Specialty. Plenty Storage Room.
O. D. ROWE.

JANESVILLE WISCONSIN
 Dealer in Leaf Tobacco—Good Stock of Old Tobacco Always on Hand.
GEORGE A. ROWE.

GENERAL BLACKSMITHING.
W. H. GROVE.
 (Successor to E. E. Edgington.)
 NORTH FIRST ST. — J. JANESVILLE
 All work done in warranted First Class. A specialty made of Horse Shoeing; also have a shop fitted to use the celebrated "Locks" Horse Shoe and Nail. With this shoe contracted for are specially made, as well as "Tender Feet," "Corns," "Blisters," "Hoof Rot," etc. Call and see it. It will pay you.

H. W. BATHORN.
 JANESVILLE
 General Blacksmith. Horse Shoeing a Specialty. Repairing of all kinds on short notice and warranted. Prices as low as the lowest. Shop on Franklin Street, Corn Exchange Block, near Broadway.

CARRIAGE PAINTING
J. B. LAGANGE.
 Would respectfully call attention to his extensive Carriage Painting Shop, in the corner of Franklin and Main Streets, where he is prepared to do first class Carriage and Artistic painting of a superior workmanship. Give him a call.

HARNESS, BLANKETS, ETC.
JAMES A. PATTERSON.
 (SUCCESSOR TO CHAS. H. PARKER.)
 Cor. Court and Main St. — Janesville, Wis.
 Manufacturer and dealer in Light and Heavy Harness, Saddles, Collars, Bridles, Whips, Trunks, Combs, etc., etc. Also a complete assortment of Trunks, Valises and Ladies' Satchels. The best kind of Harness Oils always on hand. A large stock of Drivers' Boots, etc.

W. W. SADDLER.
 EAST MILWAUKEE ST. — JANESVILLE
 (Successor to J. B. LAGANGE.)
 A Large stock of First Class Harness and Trunks on Hand at Bottom Prices.

MYERS HOUSE LIVERY.
C. W. JACKMAN, Proprietor.
 EAST MILWAUKEE ST. — JANESVILLE
 Myer's New Barn.
 Horses and Carriages for Funerals a Specialty.

HAIR GOODS.
MRS. W. W. SADDLER.
 EAST MILWAUKEE ST. — JANESVILLE
 (Opera House Block.)
 Manufacturer and Dealer in Ladies' Hair Nets and all kinds of Human Hair Goods.

INSURANCE.
H. H. BLANCHARD.
 940 Office Hours 9 A. M. to 12 M.; 7:30 P. M. to 10 P. M.
 Insured for collection all notes, bills, accounts and judgments considered good, bad or indifferent and for foreclosure all mortgages due or not due to his office, on Main Street, over M. C. Smith & Son's Clothing Store, Janesville, Wis. All business entrusted to his care will be promptly attended to and satisfaction guaranteed.

JOHN G. SAGE.
 Represents Sixteen of the Most Substantial Fire Insurance Companies of Europe and the United States.
 Also Agent for the "Kent Life" and the "Mutual Protection Association of Wisconsin," the most reliable Insurance Association in the West. His firm in Rock County and elsewhere to exchange for city property and money to loan.

THE GAZETTE.

THURSDAY, DECEMBER 1.

Post-Office—Summer Time Table.
 The mails arrive and depart at the Janesville Post-Office as follows:

Destination	Depart	Arrive
Madison	8:00 P. M.	7:30 A. M.
Bellevue	8:00 P. M.	7:30 A. M.
Chicago and Eastern	8:00 P. M.	7:30 A. M.
Northwestern	8:00 P. M.	7:30 A. M.
St. Paul	8:00 P. M.	7:30 A. M.
St. Louis	8:00 P. M.	7:30 A. M.
St. Charles	8:00 P. M.	7:30 A. M.
St. Joseph	8:00 P. M.	7:30 A. M.
St. Peter	8:00 P. M.	7:30 A. M.
St. Cloud	8:00 P. M.	7:30 A. M.
St. James	8:00 P. M.	7:30 A. M.
St. Anthony	8:00 P. M.	7:30 A. M.
St. Mary	8:00 P. M.	7:30 A. M.
St. Ignace	8:00 P. M.	7:30 A. M.
St. Francis	8:00 P. M.	7:30 A. M.
St. Elizabeth	8:00 P. M.	7:30 A. M.
St. Ann	8:00 P. M.	7:30 A. M.
St. Rose	8:00 P. M.	7:30 A. M.
St. Josephine	8:00 P. M.	7:30 A. M.
St. Margaret	8:00 P. M.	7:30 A. M.
St. Catherine	8:00 P. M.	7:30 A. M.
St. Agnes	8:00 P. M.	7:30 A. M.
St. Clare	8:00 P. M.	7:30 A. M.
St. Thome	8:00 P. M.	7:30 A. M.
St. George	8:00 P. M.	7:30 A. M.
St. Andrew	8:00 P. M.	7:30 A. M.
St. Patrick	8:00 P. M.	7:30 A. M.
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